Ye	Year 3						
	Term 1	Term 2	Term 3	Term 4	Term 5	Term 6	
Unit	People of God – what is it like to follow God? • The Old Testament tells	Incarnation – What is the Trinity? (Core) • Christians believe God is Trinity:	Sikhi – What is important for Sikh people? • Sikhs believe that there is	Sikhi – How do Sikh people worship and celebrate? • Sikhs can worship at any time or	Kingdom of God – When Jesus left, what was the impact of Pentecost? • Christians believe that	Humanism – What is Humnaism? • Explain who Humanists	
Knowledge building blocks	the story of a particular group of people, the children of Israel known as the People of God — and their relationship with God. The People of God try to live in the way God wants, following his commands and worshipping him. They believe he	Father, Son and Holy Spirit. Christians believe The Father creates; he sends the Son who saves his people; the Son sends the Holy Spirit to his followers. Christians find that understanding God is challenging; people spend their whole lives learning more and more about God. Christians really want to try to understand God better and so try to describe God using symbols, similes and metaphors, in song, story, poems and art. Christians worship God as Trinity. It is a huge idea to grasp and Christians have created art to help to express this belief Christians believe the Holy Spirit is God's power at work in the world and in their lives today, enabling them to follow Jesus.	only one God, who they have several names for. (Waheguru) Sikhs try to put the teachings and examples of the 10 gurus into daily practice by living a good life, treating everyone equally and sharing all they have. It is important for Sikh's to belong to a community of believers called the Khalsa. Khalsa Sikhs wear 5 articles of faith which reminds them of their faith and duty as a	day, at home or in the Gurdwara. Sikhs are expected to pray three times a day and mediate and recite words from the holy scriptures Sikh people respect and regard The Guru Granth Sahib as a living Guru. The Gurdwara is place that is welcome and open to everyone and is known as the 'doorway to the house of God' All Sikhs are encouraged by their Guru (Guru Granth Sahib) to perform Seva or Selfless Service. Vaisakhi is the biggest and most important Sikh festival, where they remember the founding of the Khalsa and the Sikh New Year.	Jesus inaugurated the 'Kingdom of God' — i.e. Jesus' whole life was a demonstration of his belief that God is King, not just in heaven but here and now ('Your kingdom come, your will be done on earth as it is in heaven'). Christians believe Jesus is still alive, and rules in their hearts and lives by the Holy Spirit, if they let him. Christians believe that after Jesus returned to be with God the Father, he sent the Holy Spirit at Pentecost to help the Church to make Jesus' invisible Kingdom visible by living lives that reflect the love of God. Christians celebrate Pentecost as the beginning of the Church	 Describe what Humanists believe makes us special. Understand that there are different ways to be happy. Explain the difference between reason and empathy. Know what the golden rule is. Know that Humanists celebrate key moments in their lives. I can talk about what happens at a Humanist wedding. I can identify some similarities and differences between a Christian wedding and a Humanist wedding. Know that Humanists do not have a place of worship and why. Understand that Humanists celebrate humanity's achievements – intellectual, technological and creative. Name some of the shared values Humanists hold. Know that Humanists care about the environment and want to protect it. Know that most Humanists believe that human beings can make the world a better place. 	

	Emerging	Expected	Exceeding
	Identify beliefs	Describe some ways	Identify some similarities and differences
	Retell and suggest the meanings of stories	Ask questions and suggest some of their own responses	Discuss and present their own ideas about why
S	Recall and name	Suggest why	Express their own understanding
≝	Recognise	Identify how	Present their own ideas about attitudes
SK		Make connections between stories	Make between key concepts and the big story of the Bible
•,		Give examples of how and suggest reasons why	Consider and evaluate
		Discuss their own and others ideas	Suggest how and why
		Explore and suggest ideas	Express ideas
		Link up some questions and answers	

Yea	Year 4								
	Term 1	Term 2	Term 3	Term 4	Term 5	Term 6			
Unit	CREATION/FALL What do Christians learn from the creation story?	Incarnation – What is the Trinity? (DD) (Why is Incarnation important to Christians?)	Gospel – What kind of world did Jesus want?	Salvation – Why do Christians call the day that Jesus died 'Good Friday?' (DD)	Hindu Dharma – What does it mo today?				
Knowledge building blocks	 God the Creator cares for the creation, including human beings. As human beings are part of God's good creation, they do best when they listen to God. The Bible shows that God wants to help people to be close to him — he keeps his relationship with them, gives them guidelines on good ways to live (such as the Ten Commandments). 	 Christians believe God is Trinity: Father, Son and Holy Spirit. Christians believe the Father creates; he sends the Son who saves his people; the Son sends the Holy Spirit to his followers. Jesus, the Son of God, is seen by Christians as revealing what God the Father is like. Understanding God is challenging; people spend their whole lives learning more and more about God. Christians believe the Holy Spirit is God's power at work in the world and in their lives today, enabling them to follow Jesus. 	 Christians believe Jesus challenges everyone about how to live — he sets the example for loving God and your neighbour, putting others first. Jesus shows love and forgiveness to unlikely people. Christians try to be like Jesus — they want to know him better and better. Christians try to put his teaching and example into practice in lots of ways, from church worship to social justice. 	 Christians see Holy Week as the culmination of Jesus' earthly life, leading to his death and resurrection. The various events of Holy Week, such as the Last Supper, were important in showing the disciples what Jesus came to do. Christians today trust that Jesus really did rise from the dead, and so is still alive today. Christians remember and celebrate Jesus' last week, death and resurrection. 	 about aims and duties in life I can describe some ways in wh through puja, aarti and bhajans I can suggest at least two reaso in Britain today, and two reasoi I can discuss links between the and ways in which people of ot pupils themselves, help others. Suggest at least two reasons where the Britain today, and two reasons Discuss links between the actio 	th some Hindu beliefs and teachings ich Hindus express their faith Ins why being a Hindu is a good thing in swhy it might be hard sometimes. In actions of Hindus in helping others in her faiths and beliefs, including in why it might be hard sometimes. In a sof Hindus in helping others and in aiths and beliefs, including pupils			

Religious Education Progression KS2

	Emerging	Expected	Exceeding
	Identify beliefs	Describe some ways	Identify some similarities and differences
	Retell and suggest the meanings of stories	Ask questions and suggest some of their own responses	Discuss and present their own ideas about why
	Recall and name	Suggest why	Express their own understanding
≝	Recognise	Identify how	Present their own ideas about attitudes
Skil		Make connections between stories	Make between key concepts and the big story of the Bible
•,		Give examples of how and suggest reasons why	Consider and evaluate
		Discuss their own and others ideas	Suggest how and why
		Explore and suggest ideas	Express ideas
		Link up some questions and answers	

Yea	Year 5								
	Term 1	Term 2	Term 3	Term 4	Term 5	Term 6			
Unit	God – What does it mean if God is loving and holy?	Incarnation – Was Jesus the Messiah?	People of God – How can following God bring freedom and justice?	Salvation – What Jesus do to save human beings?	What do Muslim people believe ab lives and why?	out the way they should live their			

Religious Education Progression KS2

Knowledge building blocks	God is omnipotent, omniscient and eternal, and that this God is omnipotent, omniscient and flesh. Christians believe Jesus is God in the flesh.	 The Old Testament pieces together the story of the People of God. The story of Moses and the Exodus shows how God rescued his people from slavery in Egypt; Christians see this story as looking forward to how Jesus' death and resurrection also rescue people from slavery to sin. Christians apply this idea to living today by trying to serve God and to bring freedom to others; for example, loving others, caring for them, bringing Christians read the 'big story' of the Bible as pointing out the need for God to save people. This salvation includes the ongoing restoration of humans' relationship with God. The Gospels give accounts of Jesus' death and resurrection. The New Testament says that Jesus' death was somehow 'for us'. Christians interpret this in a variety of ways: for example, as a sacrifice for sin; as a victory over sin, death and the devil; paying the punishment as a substitute for everyone's sins; rescuing the lost and leading them to God; leading from darkness to light. Christians remed the 'big story' of the Bible as pointing out the need for God to save people. This salvation includes the ongoing restoration of humans' The Gospels give accounts of Jesus' death and resurrection. Christians interpret this in a variety of ways: for example, as a sacrifice for sin; as a victory over sin, death and the devil; paying the punishment as a substitute for everyone's sins; rescuing the lost and leading them to God; leading from darkness to light. Christians remed the 'big story' of the Bible as pointing out the need for God to save people. This salvation includes the ongoing restoration of humans' The New Testament says that Jesus' death and resurrection. Christians interpret this in a variety of ways: for example, as a sacrifice for sin; as a victory over sin, death and the devil; paying the punishment as a substitute for everyone's sins; rescuing the lost an	 Express some ideas about Muslim beliefs about God, making some links with some of the 99 Names of Allah Re-tell some stories about the life of the Prophet Muhammad and recognize what they might say about him Identify some ways in which Muslim people practice their beliefs in relation to the five pillars of Islam and analyse their importance within the Muslim faith Recognise some objects and places used by Muslim people and evaluate why they are important Find out about and respond with their own ideas to examples of different beliefs, prayer, generosity and worship Muslim people all over the world build their lives on the beliefs expressed in the five pillars of Islam Muslim people believe in the Oneness of God (Tawhid) Muslim people believe that the Prophet Muhammad (PBUH) is the prophet of Allah The Shahadah is the key statement of belief held by Muslim people Muslim people believe that they have a duty to pray five times every day (Salah) Zakah is the generous giving of money which Muslims believe that they have a duty to give to those in need The mosque is an important place of prayer, learning and meeting for the Muslim community Identify some ways in which Muslim people practice their beliefs in relation to the five pillars of Islam especially Sawm (fasting) and Hajj (pilgrimage) and analyse their importance within the Muslim faith Find out about and respond with their own ideas about these beliefs and practices Describe and reflect on the significance of the Holy Qur'an to Muslim people Describe the forms of guidance that Muslim people use and compare them to the forms of guidance that they follow
	getting to know God is like getting to know a person rather than learning information Emerging think Jesus is the Messiah.) Christians see Jesus as their Saviour (See Salvation).	Jesus. Expected	Ramadan in order to understand more about self-discipline, self-restraint and generosity and to spend time in prayer (Sawm) Muslim people believe that it is their duty to perform hajj (pilgrimage) to Mecca, the most sacred Muslim site, at least once in their lifetime if they are able That the five pillars of Islam are both valuable and challenging for Muslim people and that they make a difference to individuals but also to the whole of the Muslim community (Ummah). Exceeding
Skills	Define the term Give two reasons Recall Find out Respond with their own ideas Identify the Describe	Outline clearly Give examples of ways Express thoughtfully Present different views Express their own understanding / ideas Explain the impact Explain some similarities and differences between Explain some reasons why Make connections between Suggest some reasons why Describe and reflect	Explain how xxx disagree and interpret things differently Explain the links between giving reasons why Enquire into using evidence and examples Interpret a range of Investigate and explain expressing their own ideas Examine the title question from different perspectives including their own. Apply ideas Consider and evaluate

Ye	Year 6						
	Term 1	Term 2	Term 3	Term 4	Term 5	Term 6	

Unit	CREATION/FALL Creation and science: conflicting or complementary?	Gospel – What would Jesus do.	Humanism – What is Humanism	Judaism – What does it mean to be Jewish in Britain today?	What can be done to reduce racism? Can religion help?	Kingdom of God – What kind of a king is Jesus?
Knowledge building blocks	There is much debate and some controversy around the relationship between the accounts of creation in Genesis and contemporary scientific accounts. These debates and controversies relate to the purpose and interpretation of the texts. For example, does reading Genesis as a poetic account conflict with scientific accounts? There are many scientists throughout history and now who are Christians. The discoveries of science make Christians wonder even more about the power and majesty of the Creator	 The good news is not just about setting an example for good behaviour and challenging bad behaviour: it is that Jesus offers a way to heal the damage done by human sin. Christians see that Jesus' teachings and example cut across expectations — the Sermon on the Mount is an example of this, where Jesus' values favour serving the weak and vulnerable, not making people comfortable. Christians believe that they should bring this good news to life in the world in different ways, within their church family, in their personal lives, with family, with their neighbours, in the local, national and global community. 	I can explain what makes someone a humanist. I know that most humanists believe human beings evolved over time. I understand that humanists believe science is the best method to understand the universe. I know that humanists adapt or change their beliefs when faced with new evidence. I know that humanists believe there is no persuasive evidence for the existence of a god or gods. I understand that atheism is no belief in a god or gods. I know that being agnostic means that you are unsure and cannot know whether there a god or gods exist. I can explain that humanists believe that you can be good and live a happy life without the need for a god or gods. I understand that humanists can experience spiritual moments. I know that not all humanists would describe an experience as spiritual. I understand that for a humanist, spiritual moments are not connected to a god or gods or the supernatural. I know that for humanists, nature and the world around them can be a source of excitement and beauty. I know that humanists believe science helps reveal and enhance nature's hidden beauty.	I can make connections between Jewish practice, teachings from the Torah and their beliefs about God. I can give examples of Jewish festivals and describe how they impact Jewish people today. I can explain the meaning and significance of Jewish rituals and practices. I can comment thoughtfully on how the role of women varies within Judaism. I can answer the key question from different perspectives, including my own.	Describe examples of connections between antiracism and religion. Understand the challenges racism presents to human communities and consider different religious responses Discuss their own and others' ideas about reducing racism and prejudice, informed by rich knowledge of case studies.	Jesus told many parables about the Kingdom of God. These suggest that God's rule has begun, through the life, teaching and example of Jesus, and subsequently through the lives of Christians who live in obedience to God. The Kingdom is compared to a feast where all are invited to join in. Not everyone chooses to do so. Many Christians try to extend the Kingdom of God by challenging unjust social structures in their locality and in the world.
Skills	Emerging Define the term Give two reasons Recall Find out Respond with their own ideas Identify the Describe		Expected Outline clearly Give examples of ways Express thoughtfully Present different views Express their own understanding / ideas Explain the impact Explain some similarities and differences be Explain some reasons why Make connections between Suggest some reasons why Describe and reflect	tween	Exceeding Explain how xxx disagree and in Explain the links between gix Enquire into using evidence of Interpret a range of Investigate and explain express Examine the title question from including their own. Apply ideas Consider and evaluate	ving reasons why and examples essing their own ideas